PLATINUM CONVERSION VARNISH

GHS CLASSIFICATION:

Flammable Liquids 2

Acute Toxicity 4

Skin Irritation 2

Eye Damage 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) 3

PICTOGRAM:



SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. NO SMOKING. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and process equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on the label or in Section IV of the SDS). Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical, alcohol resistant foam or a Type B fire extinguisher for extinction.

Dispose of contents/container according to local and federal regulations.

	SECTION III	- COMPOSII	ION/INFORMATION	ON INGRI	EDIENTS	=======	
				VAPOR PRE	SSURE	WEIGHT	
REPORTABLE COMPONE	NTS		CAS NUMBER	mm Hg (TEMP	PERCENT	
N-BUTYL ACETATE			123-86-4	10	68	38-45	
ETHYL ALCOHOL			64-17-5	40	68	5-10	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL	MONOMETHYL ETHER A	CETATE	108-65-6	4	68	3-6	

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* N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

71-36-3 4 68

4-8

*Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

----- SECTION IV - FIRST AID MEASURES ------

GENERAL ADVICE:

Have Material Safety Data Sheet available when calling Poison Control Center (1-800-222-1222) or physician; or when going to the emergency room.

IF INHALED:

Remove from exposure to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep person warm and quiet. Get medical attention immediately.

IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash or clean thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes, while lifting upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED:

DO NOT induce vomiting. Call Poison Control Center (1-800-222-1222) or physician immediately. Note: Aspiration of solvents may result in chemical pneumonia.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER FOG

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Use full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray, preferably fog, to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible explosion. Direct water stream is not recommended for oil base fires. Product may float and reignite on surface of water. Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams or waterways.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Explosive air-vapor mixtures may form which are dangerous when exposed to heat or flame. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground, or be moved by ventilation, and ignited by pilot lights, stoves, heaters, electric motors, sparks, flame, smoking, static discharge or other ignition sources even at locations distant from material handling site. Free falling streams of liquid may cause static electricity build-up and create fire hazard.

Hazardous combustion products: see SECTION X

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate ignition sources and ventilate area. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Wear full protective equipment. Dike drains to prevent entering storm or sanitary sewers, rivers, streams or waterways. Contain spill and cover with inert absorbent material. Take up using non-sparking tools (aluminum, brass or copper) and place mixture into containers for disposal. Note: Some spills or releases may require special reporting to local, state or federal agencies.

For specific information: see SECTION VIII

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY!

PRECATIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

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Keep liquid and vapors away from heat, sparks and flame. Turn off or remove all sources of ignition. Use proper methods of ventilation to prevent vapor build-up. Avoid contact with hot metal surfaces. Avoid free fall of liquids in excess of a few inches. Ground fixed equipment. Bond and ground pails, drums and other transfer containers and equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mists and sanding or grinding dusts. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not take internally. Use adequate methods of ventilation, respiratory and personal protective equipment. Do not reuse, weld, drill or heat empty containers which may contain explosive vapors. Follow label warnings until thoroughly cleaned or sent for disposal. Do not remove or deface label. Do not transfer to unlabeled container.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:

Keep container closed when not in use and during transit. Do not store above 120 deg. F (50 deg. C). Keep in upright position and protect container from damage. Store in buildings or areas designed and protected for storage of products with this flammability rating. Do not store where contact with incompatible material could occur, even during an accidental spill or release. Before using two-component coatings, read the MSDS and label of both products. Mixtures will have hazards of both components. To avoid spontaneous combustion, soak soiled oily rags and waste in water filled metal containers.

COMPONENTS WITH WORKPLACE CONTROL PARAMETERS:

N-BUTYL ACETATE	ACGIH TLV: 1	L50 ppm	OSHA PEL: 150 ppm	Other: 200 ppm ACGIH STEL	
ETHYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH TLV: 1	1000 ppm	OSHA PEL: 1000 ppr	m Other: 1880 mg/m3	
* N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH TLV: 2	20 ppm O	SHA PEL: 100 ppm 1	NIOSH: (skin)	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOM	ETHYL ETHER A	ACETATE	Other: 50 PPM		

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer's instructions for use.

VENTILATION:

USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. Provide mechanical ventilation, local exhaust or other appropriate means of ventilation to prevent vapor build-up.

HAND PROTECTION:

Wear impermeable gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult safety equipment supplier for specific recommendations of construction materials.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear chemical goggles designed to protect eyes against vapors, liquid splash and mists unless full facepiece respirator is worn. Note: Contact lenses may contribute to the severity of an eye injury and should not be worn when working with chemicals.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

Wear protective clothing, including headcap, to avoid skin contact with liquid or overspray.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Eye washes and safety showers are recommended in the workplace. Wash hands after using and before eating, drinking or using tobacco products. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Periodically monitor exposure levels to hazardous ingredients listed in section II and review permissible limits.

	SECTION IX -	PHYSICAL AND	CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	
BOILING RANGE:	172 - 304			
FLASH POINT:	55			
FLAMMABLE LIMIT	S IN AIR BY VOLU	ME- LOWER: 1.1	UPPER: 19	
MELTING POINT:	-108 ^o f			
DENSITY:	7.47 - 7.	55 lb/gl		

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RELATIVE DENSITY:	No Data
V.O.C (Coating):	5.22 - 5.29 lb/gl 626 - 635 g/l
V.O.C (Material):	5.22 - 5.29 lb/gl 626 - 635 g/l (Actual Emitted VOC)
LB HAP/LB SOLIDS	.01
LB VOC/LB SOLIDS	1.94 - 2.09
SOLIDS % BY WEIGHT	32.2 - 33.9
VAPOR DENSITY:	Heavier than air.
VAPOR PRESSURE:	See SECTION III
EVAPORATION RATE:	Moderate (compared to n-butyl acetate)
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Moderate
APPEARANCE AND ODOR:	Translucent yellow liquid, solvent odor.
VISCOSITY:	No Data

REACTIVITY:

Will not occur.

STABILITY:

Stable

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Not Applicable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

High temperature and humidity, ignition sources and vapor build-up.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Strong Oxidizing agents Acids Alkalis Bases Nitric Acid Alkali Metals

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

Carbon Monoxide Carbon Dioxide Hydrocarbons Formaldehyde Other Organic Compounds

ACUTE TOXICITY:

ETHYL ALCOHOL: LD50 Oral - Rat - 7060 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - 15,800 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 39 g/m3 n-BUTYL ACETATE: LD50 Oral - Rat - female - 10,760 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - > 21 mg/l LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male and female - > 14,112 mg/kg N-BUTYL ALCOHOL: LD50 Oral - Rat - 790 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 8000 ppm LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 3,400 mg/kg PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE: LD5- Oral - 8532 mg/kg LD50 Dermal - >2,000 mg/kg

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation, skin contact, ingestion.

INHALATION:

Vapors and mists cause severe irritation to nose, throat and lungs (burning, stinging, coughing). May cause headache, dizziness, nausea, weakness, shortness of breath and loss of coordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Exposure to extremely high vapor concentrations may cause unconsciousness and asphyxiation.

EYE CONTACT:

Contact with liquid or vapors causes severe irritation (redness, watering, itching, stinging, blurred vision) and possible cornea damage.

SKIN CONTACT:

Contact causes severe irritation (dryness, itching, cracking, rash and swelling) and possible burns.

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SKIN ABSORPTION:

May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, weakness, loss of coordination.

SWALLOWING:

Causes nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, giddiness, nausea, loss of coordination).

CARCINOGENICITY: Not Applicable NTP CARCINOGEN: No IARC MONOGRAPHS: No OSHA REGULATED: No MEDICAL CONDITIONS POSSIBLY AGGRIVATED BY EXPOSURE: Respiratory tract irritation, nausea, eye disorders, skin disorders, sensitization to chemical substances.

TOXICITY:

ETHYL ALCOHOL: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 14,200 mg/l -96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates LC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 5,012 mg/l - 48 h
Toxicity to algae EC50 - Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) - 275 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae) - 98.2 mg/l - 72 h
N-BUTYL ACETATE: Toxicity to fish flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 18 mg/l - 96 h
Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (Scenedesmus subspicatus) - 674.7
mg/l - 72 h
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 1,840 mg/l - 96 h

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 100-180 mg/l -96 h

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS:

Waste material and empty containers must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state and federal environmental control regulations. Use only approved waste management facilities.

DOT (US): UN1263, PAINT, 3, PGII

COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW LISTS

MASSACHUSETTS RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL ALCOHOL N-BUTYL ACETATE N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL ALCOHOL N-BUTYL ACETATE N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL ALCOHOL N-BUTYL ACETATE N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

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