

Safety Data Sheet

GLITSA WIPING STAINS

2/24/2016

PRODUCT NAME: GLITSA WIPING STAINS (all colors) HMIS CODES: H F R P
PRODUCT CODE: VARIOUS 2*3 0 X

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SECTION I - MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION
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MANUFACTURER'S NAME: Rudd Company, Inc.
ADDRESS: 1141 N.W. 50th Street, Seattle WA 98107-5120
EMERGENCY PHONE: Call Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (spill, leak, fire, accident)
INFORMATION PHONE: 206-789-1000
NAME OF PREPARER: Rudd Company, Inc. - Regulatory Department

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SECTION II - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
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GHS CLASSIFICATION:
Flammable Liquids 2
Acute Toxicity 4
Skin Irritation 2
Mutagenicity 1B
Carcinogenicity 1B
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) 3
Aspiration Toxicity 1

PICTOGRAM:



SIGNAL WORD:
DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, and process equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use personal protective equipment as required. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on the label or in Section IV of the SDS). Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical, alcohol resistant foam or a Type B fire extinguisher for extinction. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container according to local and federal regulations.

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SECTION III - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
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REPORTABLE COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	VAPOR PRESSURE mm Hg @ TEMP	WEIGHT PERCENT
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MINERAL SPIRITS-NAPHTHA MEDIUM ALIPHATIC	64742-88-7			30-45
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7			0-20
AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-94-5	5	100	14-25
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	107-98-2	13	77	3-15
* XYLENE	1330-20-7	25	77	5-10
STODDARD SOLVENT, MINERAL SPIRITS	8052-41-3	2	68	3-10
NAPHTHA	8030-30-6	13	77	2-3
* NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3			1.5-2.5
* ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	10	77	1-2

*Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

=====**SECTION IV - FIRST AID MEASURES**=====

GENERAL ADVICE:

Have Material Safety Data Sheet available when calling Poison Control Center (1-800-222-1222) or physician; or when going to the emergency room.

IF INHALED:

Remove from exposure to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep person warm and quiet. Get medical attention immediately.

IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash or clean thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes, while lifting upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED:

DO NOT induce vomiting. Call Poison Control Center (1-800-222-1222) or physician immediately. Note: Aspiration of solvents may result in chemical pneumonia.

=====**SECTION V - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**=====

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CO₂, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER FOG

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Use full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water spray, preferably fog, to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible explosion. Direct water stream is not recommended for oil base fires. Product may float and reignite on surface of water. Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams or waterways.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Explosive air-vapor mixtures may form which are dangerous when exposed to heat or flame. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground, or be moved by ventilation, and ignited by pilot lights, stoves, heaters, electric motors, sparks, flame, smoking, static discharge or other ignition sources even at locations distant from material handling site if inadequately ventilated. Free falling streams of liquid may cause static electricity build-up and create fire hazard.

Hazardous combustion by-products: see SECTION X

=====**SECTION VI - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**=====

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate ignition sources and ventilate area. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Wear full protective equipment. Dike drains to prevent entering storm or sanitary sewers, rivers, streams or waterways. Contain spill and cover with inert absorbent material. Take up using non-sparking tools (aluminum, brass or copper) and place mixture into containers for disposal. Note: Some spills or releases may require special reporting to local, state or federal agencies.

For specific information: see SECTION VIII

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===== SECTION VII - HANDLING AND STORAGE =====

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY!

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Keep liquid and vapors away from heat, sparks and flame. Turn off or remove all sources of ignition. Use proper methods of ventilation to prevent vapor build-up. Avoid contact with hot metal surfaces. When pouring large volumes, avoid free fall of liquids in excess of a few inches to prevent static charge build-up. Avoid breathing vapors and sanding or grinding dusts. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not take internally. Use adequate methods of ventilation, respiratory and personal protective equipment. Do not reuse, weld, drill or heat empty containers which may contain explosive vapors. Follow label warnings until thoroughly cleaned or sent for disposal. Do not remove or deface label. Do not transfer to unlabeled container.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:

Keep container closed when not in use and during transit. Do not store above 120 deg. F (50 deg. C). Keep in upright position and protect container from damage. When storing large quantities or when specified by local building or fire codes, store in buildings or areas designed and protected for storage of products with this flammability rating. To avoid spontaneous combustion, soak soiled oily rags and waste in water filled metal containers.

===== SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION =====

COMPONENTS WITH WORKPLACE CONTROL PARAMETERS:

MINERAL SPIRITS-NAPHTHA MEDIUM ALIPHATIC ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: 500 ppm
TITANIUM DIOXIDE ACGIH TLV: 10 mg/m3 OSHA PEL: 15 mg/m3 Other: (total dust)
AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: 500 ppm Other: 100 ppm
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: Not Est. Other: 150 ppm STEL
XYLENE ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: 100 ppm Other: 150 ppm STEL
STODDARD SOLVENT, MINERAL SPIRITS ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: 500 ppm Other: 525 mg/m3
NAPHTHA ACGIH TLV: 400 ppm OSHA PEL: 100 ppm. Other: 1590 mg/m3
NAPHTHALENE ACGIH TLV: 10 ppm OSHA PEL: 10 ppm Other: 52 mg/m3
ETHYL BENZENE ACGIH TLV: 100 ppm OSHA PEL: 100 ppm Other: 434 mg/m3

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer's instructions for use.

VENTILATION:

USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. Provide the maximum ventilation jobsite conditions allow (including fans, open doors, windows or other appropriate means of ventilation), to prevent vapor build-up.

HAND PROTECTION:

Wear impermeable gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult safety equipment supplier for specific recommendations of construction materials.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear chemical goggles designed to protect eyes against vapors, liquid splash and mists unless full facepiece respirator is worn. Note: Contact lenses may contribute to the severity of an eye injury and should not be worn when working with chemicals.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

Wear protective clothing to avoid skin contact with liquid or overspray.

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Eye washes and safety showers are recommended in the workplace. Wash hands after using and before eating, drinking or using tobacco products. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Periodically monitor exposure levels to hazardous ingredients listed in section II and review permissible limits.

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===== **SECTION IX - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**=====

BOILING RANGE: 248 - 424
FLASH POINT: 76
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: 0.6 UPPER: 13.8
MELTING POINT: Not available
DENSITY: 7.0-8.5 lb/gl
RELATIVE DENSITY: No Data
V.O.C. (Coating): 5.50-6.32 lb/gl 665-760 g/l
V.O.C. (Material): 5.50-6.32 lb/gl 665-760 g/l (Emitted VOC)
LB HAP/LB SOLIDS 0.3-0.5
LB VOC/LB SOLIDS 3.2-5.7
SOLIDS % BY WEIGHT 15-25
VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air.
VAPOR PRESSURE: See SECTION III
EVAPORATION RATE: Moderate (compared to n-butyl acetate)
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Moderate
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Colored or opaque liquid, solvent odor.
VISCOSITY: No Data

===== **SECTION X - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**=====

REACTIVITY:
Will not occur.

STABILITY:
Stable

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: None known

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:
High temperature and humidity, ignition sources and vapor build-up.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):
Strong Oxidizing agents Acids Sulfuric Acid Nitric Acid

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:
Carbon Monoxide Carbon Dioxide Hydrocarbons Ammonia Fumes Other Organic Compounds

===== **SECTION XI - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**=====

ACUTE TOXICITY:
ETHYL BENZENE: LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 3,500 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 15,433 mg/kg
NAPHTHALENE: LD50 Oral - Rat - 490.0 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 1 h - > 340 mg/m3 Remarks: Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste):Eye: Lacrimation. Behavioral: Somnolence (general depressed activity).
LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 20,000 mg/kg

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Inhalation, skin contact, ingestion.

INHALATION:
Vapors and mists may irritate nose, throat and lungs (burning, stinging, coughing). May cause headache, dizziness, nausea, weakness, shortness of breath and loss of coordination. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Exposure to extremely high vapor concentrations may cause unconsciousness and asphyxiation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if vapor concentrations are above applicable limits, wear a NIOSH approved respirator with functioning organic vapor cartridges and provide adequate ventilation at the jobsite during and after application.

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EYE CONTACT:

Contact with liquid or vapors causes severe irritation (redness, watering, itching, stinging, blurred vision) and possible cornea damage.

SKIN CONTACT:

May cause sensitization and allergic skin reaction (contact dermatitis). Contact may cause severe irritation (dryness, itching, cracking, rash and swelling) and possible burns.

SKIN ABSORPTION:

May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, weakness, loss of coordination.

SWALLOWING:

May be harmful or fatal. Causes nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and severe central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, nausea, loss of coordination).

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, resulting in lung injury.

CARCINOGENICITY: Ethylbenzene is classified as a potential human carcinogen based on laboratory animal studies.

Titanium dioxide is classified as a possible human carcinogen by the International Agency of Research on Cancer (IARC).

This classification is based on laboratory animal studies. Risk of cancer depends on level and duration of exposure.

NTP CARCINOGEN: Yes IARC MONOGRAPHS: Yes OSHA REGULATED: No

MEDICAL CONDITIONS POSSIBLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Respiratory tract irritation, nausea, eye disorders, skin disorders, sensitization to chemical substances.

=====**SECTION XII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**=====

TOXICITY:

ETHYL BENZENE: Toxicity to fish flow-through test LC50 - Menidia menidia (Atlantic silverside) - 5.1 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - Skeletonema costatum - 4.9 mg/l - 72 h

NAPHTHALENE: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 0.9 - 9.8 mg/l - 96.0 h LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 1 - 6.5 mg/l - 96.0 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1.00 - 3.40 mg/l - 48 h

=====**SECTION XIII - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**=====

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS:

Waste material and empty containers must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state and federal environmental control regulations. Use only approved waste management facilities.

=====**SECTION XIV - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**=====

DOT (US): UN1263, PAINT, 3, PGIII LIMITED QUANTITY

Contact your supplier for specific information.

=====**SECTION XV - REGULATORY INFORMATION**=====

COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW LISTS

MASSACHUSETTS RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL BENZENE NAPHTHA NAPHTHALENE PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE STODDARD SOLVENT, MINERAL SPIRITS XYLENE

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL BENZENE NAPHTHA NAPHTHALENE PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE STODDARD SOLVENT, MINERAL SPIRITS XYLENE

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NEW JERSEY RIGHT TO KNOW:

ETHYL BENZENE NAPHTHA NAPHTHALENE PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE XYLENE

The following statement is required by California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Reform Act of 1986).
Warning! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

===== **DISCLAIMER** =====
DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM SOURCES CONSIDERED TO BE RELIABLE. TO THE BEST OF
OUR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF ALL INFORMATION IS ACCURATE AND IS PROVIDED IN GOOD FAITH. HOWEVER, NO GUARANTEE OF ACCURACY IS
MADE OR IMPLIED.